

### **Our Team**



**Becky Roman**PharmD, MPH, BCPS

Senior Director, Market Access & Value Insights



Pamela Landsman-Blumberg
DrPH, MPH

Senior Vice President, Real-World Evidence & HEOR Strategy



Amanda Forys MSPH

Managing Partner, Magnolia Market Access



### **Objectives**



Provide background on how the landscape continues to evolve and how payer expectations are becoming more complex to justify product coverage and adequate payment



Discuss what manufacturers should consider in their payer value proposition presentations, and how they should prepare to answer payer objections



Highlight key strategies and best practices in addressing payer objections and resolving issues to promote access

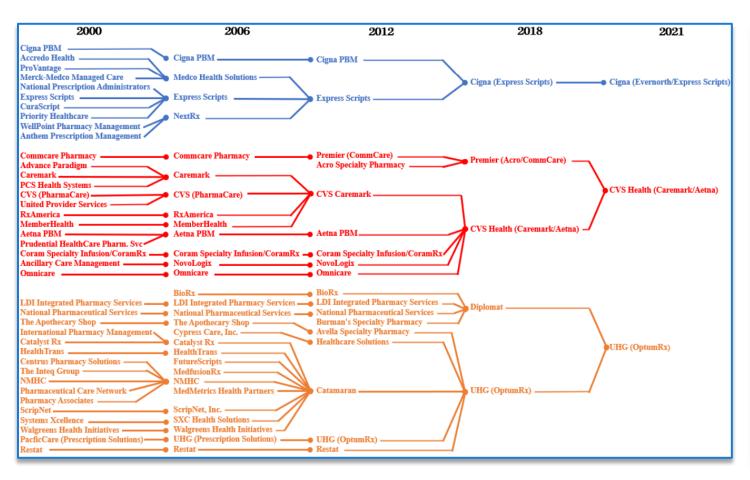


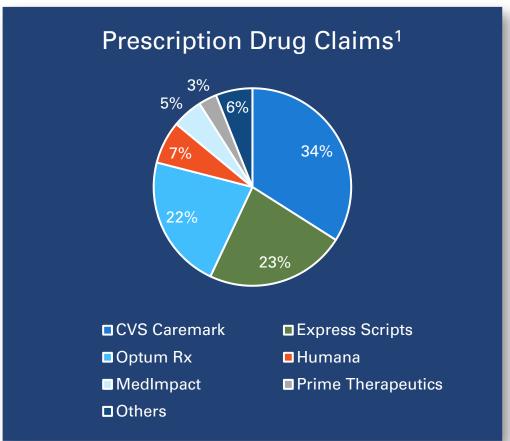
Review case study examples that identify opportunities for successful objection handling



### Horizontal Consolidation<sup>1</sup>

### 79% of Prescription Claims are Managed by Three PBMs







# Vertical Integration<sup>1</sup>

### **Consolidation of the Pharmaceutical Supply Chain**



BlueCross® BlueShield®

synergie medication collective











UNITEDHEALTH GROUP®

Insurer

**Specialty** 

**Pharmacy** 

**Provider** 

**Services** 







AcariaHealth.

USMM.

**Community** Medical Group











































### **Consolidation and Integration**

### **Impact on Pharmaceutical Manufacturers**



### **Challenges**

Increased negotiation pressure

Broader exclusions and utilization management controls



### **Positives**

Increased focus on total cost of care

More connected systems

Enhanced data capabilities





# **Payer Concerns**



Affordability



Clinical Value and Unknowns



Equitable Access to Care



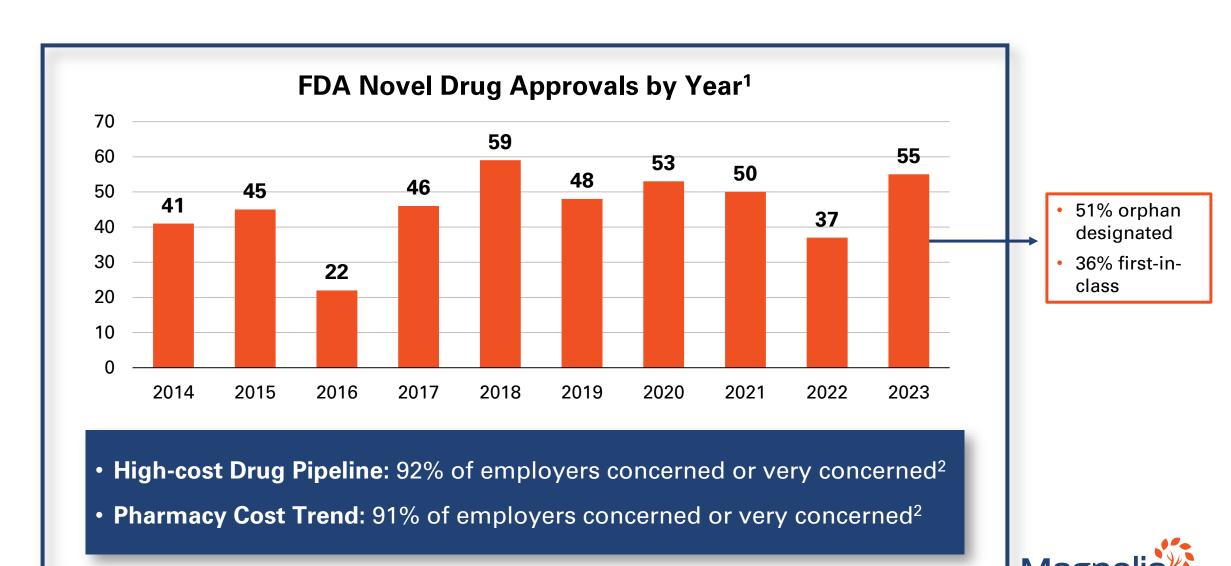
Adverse Selection



Increasing Regulation

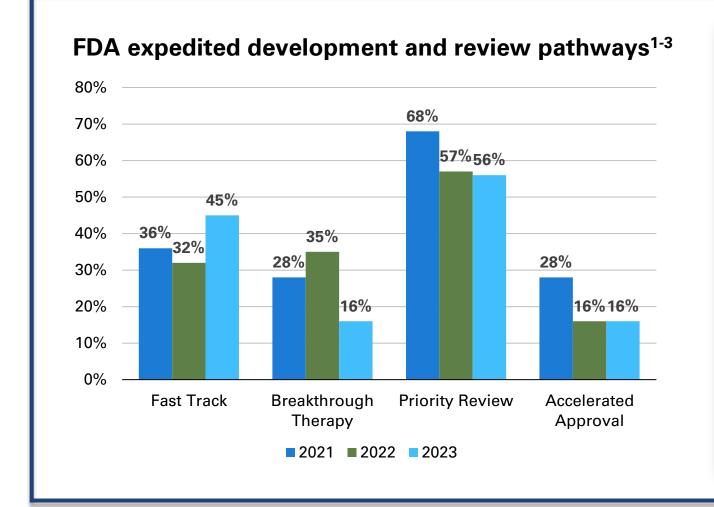


# **Affordability**



<sup>1.</sup> Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER). New Drug Therapy Approvals 2023. January 2024.

### **Clinical Value and Unknowns**



### **Clinical Unknowns**

- Applicability to general population
- Therapy sequencing
- Combination therapy
- Durability
- Success measurements
- Comparative data



<sup>2.</sup> CDER. New Drug Therapy Approvals 2022. January 2023.

<sup>3.</sup> CDER. New Drug Therapy Approvals 2021. January 2022.

## **Equitable Access to Care**



Provider and pharmacy accessibility



# High out-of-pocket costs leading to

- Prescription abandonment: ~20%<sup>1,2</sup>
- Nonadherence:
  - 50% of prescriptions taken incorrectly1
  - 21% have taken an over-the-counter drug instead of prescription<sup>2</sup>
  - 12% have skipped doses or cut pills in half<sup>2</sup>



Multiple conditions and multiple medications



# **Adverse Selection**

- Balance comprehensive formulary with overly generous plans
- Increased utilization management requirements

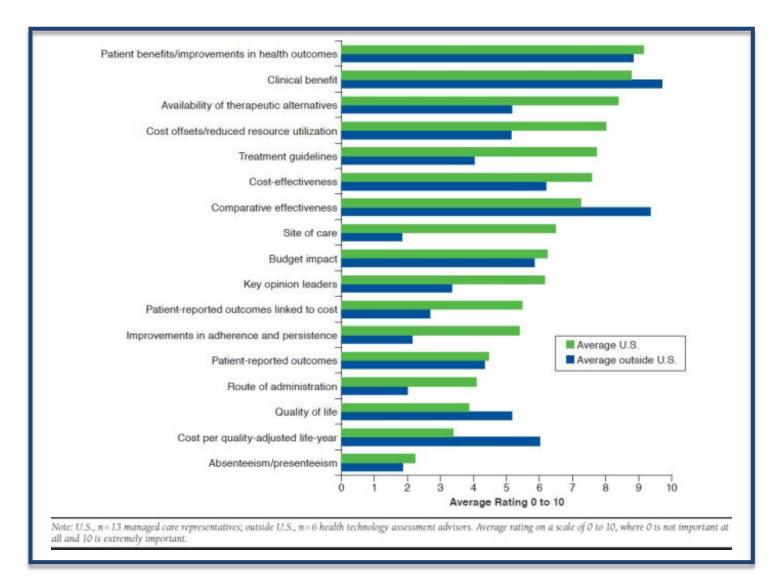
# **Increasing Regulation**

- Benefit design
- Drug coverage requirements
- Formulary and utilization management
- Pricing/reimbursement





# Payer Factors and Processes Driving Value Assessments<sup>1</sup>



Clinical and patient benefits or improvements in health outcomes were rated high by all payers

Quality of life and route of administration were lower rated factors

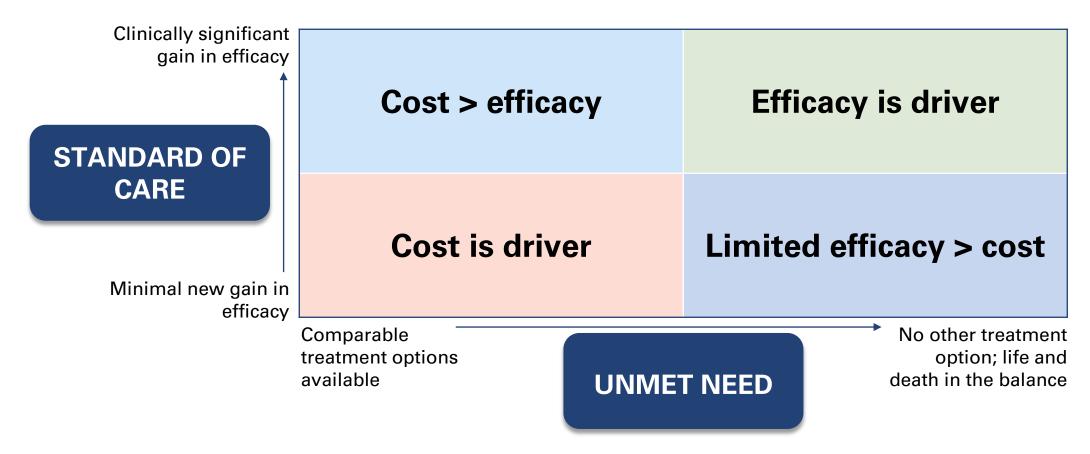
No formal definitions of value or formal assessment processes to determine value

General processes: P&T
Committee, Value Committee,
Contracting Team



# **Payer Value Messages**

### Efficacy and Cost Evaluation Driven by Unmet Needs and Standard of Care





### **Developing a Strong Value Proposition:**

# Use Evidence and Input to Differentiate Your Product's Value

Creating and Implementing your

product's value

From efficacy to effectiveness

Leverage existing information to identify and compose potential value messages: burden of disease, unmet need, clinical benefit, economic impact

Select key messages and create initial value proposition with team review and support

Gain stakeholder feedback: payer and KOL interviews/meetings to identify potential obstacles and weak spots

Conduct internal workshop to gain organizational alignment: managed markets, sales accounts, and medical affairs

Identify new evidence needs: clinical data readouts, AMCP and global value dossier, KOL insights, real-world insights

Support launch: development and deployment of external communications strategy (e.g., payer, provider, and patient materials)





# **General Strategies for Payer Objection Handling**

### **Be Prepared**

- Develop a list of common questions
- Determine and practice responding
- Know the payer and their role
- Gather competitive intelligence

### **Practice Active Listening**

- Clarify the question if needed
- Understand the underlying question or concern

### **EVOLVE:** Strategize and develop data-driven responses to objections

### **Respond Honestly and Directly**

- Be succinct in answering questions
- Provide facts, not opinions
- Know what data is not available and what is under investigation

### **Be Collaborative**

- Ask the payer questions perceived clinical value, place in therapy
- Discuss additional data or information needs
- Explore solutions to expand access



# Case Study 1 – Crowded Class

### **Product Description**: A new formulation allowing self-administration is launching

#### **Standards of Care**

- Previous formulation required HCP administration
- Other therapeutic options for the condition are self-administered but are not always effective and have higher adverse reactions

#### **Clinical Data**

- Equal efficacy and safety with HCPadministered formulation
- Increased quality of life and treatment satisfaction

#### **Unmet Needs**

- Numerous treatment options
- Other self-administered options already available

#### **Economic Information**

- New formulation: \$50K/year
- Previous formulation: \$50K/year
- Other options: \$35-45K/year



# **Evolved Objection Handling: Crowded Class**

### **Potential Objections**

Any data comparing this product to other options?

Does self-administration and better side effect profile result in improved adherence/persistence?

What is the success of this product in those who have failed other therapeutic options?

What is the impact of this product on medical costs compared to other therapeutic options?

### **Data-Driven Solutions**

Indirect treatment comparisons using clinical trial data and literature

- Literature review of another product with a similar profile
- Follow forward with claims and EMR analyses
- Ideally consider during clinical trial design
- Claims data analysis of current treatment patterns
- Cost analysis of trial data (if healthcare resource utilization collected)
- Cost-effectiveness model



# Case Study 2 – Additional Treatment Option

**Product Description**: Biologic product "NEW" received FDA approval to treat Condition Y. It is administered subcutaneously once weekly and has no special monitoring requirements

#### **Standards of Care**

There are 2 other therapeutics on the market

Product	Dosing and Administration	Monitoring
Product One	Intravenous every 3 months	Potential for anaphylaxis; give in a monitored setting
Product Two	Subcutaneous every 2 weeks	Requires laboratory monitoring biweekly for first 2 months

All 3 products have different mechanisms of action.

#### **Clinical Data**

- Product NEW was approved based on improvement in a standardized composite score specific to Condition Y compared to placebo at 12 months
- Same measure used for Products One and Two both demonstrated improvement

#### **Unmet Needs**

- Another mechanism of action with self-administration
- No special monitoring requirements

<b>Economic Data</b>		
Product NEW	\$350,000/year	
Product One	\$300,000/year	
Product Two	\$275,000/year	



# **Evolved Objection Handling: Additional Treatment Option**

### **Potential Objections**

Can these products be used in combination?

What is the right sequence of therapy?

What is the impact of this product on medical costs compared to other therapeutic options?

Do you stop therapy if the patient has no improvement?

### **Data-Driven Solutions**

- Drug-drug and drug-disease interactions
- If not included in trial design, follow forward

Systematic literature review, clinical practice guideline evaluations, and treatment pathway development

- Cost analysis of trial data (if healthcare resource utilization collected)
- Account for all possible cost off-sets in BIM
- Subgroup analyses of trial non-responders
- Endpoint component analysis for benefit



BIM, budget impact model

# **Case Study 3 – Novel Therapy**

**Product Description**: Intravenous infusion administered every 3 months for a rare genetic neuromuscular condition. Approved through the FDA's accelerated approval pathway.

#### **Standards of Care**

- No other FDA approved treatments
- Corticosteroids often used; immune globulin has limited efficacy

#### **Clinical Data**

- Demonstrated improvement in inflammatory markers at 6 months in patients with Type 1
- FDA indication does not specify type

#### **Unmet Needs**

- Variable clinical presentation
  - Type 1 Rapid progression with debilitating symptoms (death within 5 years)
  - Type 2 Slower progression with mild symptoms (death within 20 years)
  - Type 3 Mild to no symptoms
- Estimated prevalence is 50,000 in US

#### **Economic Data**

\$750-900K/year (depending on weight)



# **Evolved Objection Handling: Novel Therapy**

### **Potential Objections**

How does this endpoint equate to clinical outcomes?

Is there any data in Type 2 patients?

What is the prevalence of the different types? Is 50,000 an underestimate?

What are the medical costs associated with this condition? How does this drug impact?

### **Data-Driven Solutions**

Understand collaboration with FDA and providers to use surrogate endpoints

- Prospective trial to evaluate
- Other approaches TBD, AI/ML solutions?
- Use of machine-learning to evaluate patient journey and identify those undiagnosed
- Evaluate non-US data for extrapolation
- Payer mix analysis and ability to adjust BIM for payer line of business
- Claims analysis of associated costs
- Primary market research on burden of illness



# **Evolving Objection Handling**



Consolidation and integration of the payer market provides challenges and opportunities



Understanding the payer's perspective and pressures lays a foundation for collaboration



Creating a strong value proposition focused on the burden of disease, unmet needs, clinical benefit, economic impact will guide payers in their assessments



Anticipating and strategizing data solutions for common objections may lead to increased market access





# Thank you!

### **Contact:**

#### **Amanda Forys**

Managing Partner <u>aforys@magnoliamarketaccess.com</u> 571.251.8452

#### Pamela Landsman-Blumberg

SVP, Real-World Evidence & HEOR Strategy pblumberg@magnoliamarketaccess.com 610.291.6818

#### Rebecca (Becky) Roman

Senior Director, Market Access & Value Insights <a href="mailto:rroman@magnoliamarketaccess.com">rroman@magnoliamarketaccess.com</a>
941.209.9294

